## **Claims**

What is claimed is:

- [c1] A method for modeling power of a pipelined processor, comprising:
  - breaking at least one design block of the processor into a plurality of subblocks;
  - determining a plurality of categories of power dissipation of each subblock;
  - constructing a power simulation equation for each category of power dissipation of each sub-block;
  - determining coefficients of each power simulation equation;
  - applying a power simulation program to each power simulation equation to calculate the power of each sub-block; and
  - summing the power of each sub-block to calculate the power of the processor.
- [c2] The method of claim 1, wherein the categories of power dissipation comprise:
  - a data dependent power category;
  - an architecture dependent power category; and
  - a constant power category.
- [c3] The method of claim 2, wherein the data dependent power is dependent upon data values used and generated by a sub-block.
- [c4] The method of claim 2, wherein the architecture dependent power is dependent on architectural activity within a sub-block.
- [c5] The method of claim 2, further comprising:

  approximating a performance range for the data dependent power category;

adding the approximated performance range for the data dependent power category to the constant power category.

- [c6] The method of claim 2, further comprising:
  - approximating a performance range for the architecture dependent power category;
  - adding the approximated performance range for the architecture dependent power category to the constant power category.
- [c7] The method of claim 1, wherein the coefficients of each power simulation equation comprise:
  - a minimum value;
  - a typical value; and
  - a maximum value.
- [c8] A method for modeling the power of a pipelined processor, comprising:
  - a step of breaking the processor down into design sub-blocks;
  - a step of determining power simulation equations for each sub-block;
  - a step of running circuit simulations to generate coefficient values to be used in power equations;
  - a step of adding instructions to a cycle accurate simulator to extract activity data needed for equations;
  - a step of calculating results of the equations;
  - a step of running a benchmark program on the cycle accurate simulator;
  - a step of, during each cycle of a simulation run, calculating power for the sub-blocks; and
  - a step of developing metrics to summarize power over the run of the benchmark program.